

Lesson #2: Slope Intercept Form (part 2) -- Notes

Learning Goal: We are learning to write the equation of a line without using a graph.

Recall that the slope intercept form is $y = mx + b$, where m is the slope of the line and b is the y-intercept. In today's lesson, we are going to focus on creating the equation of a line given various pieces of information.

For all the following examples, create $y = mx + b$.

1. $m = \frac{4}{3}$ and $b = -8$

2. $m = -7$ and $(0,5)$

3. $m = \frac{-3}{5}$ and $(10,6)$

4. $m = \frac{2}{7}$ and $(-2,3)$

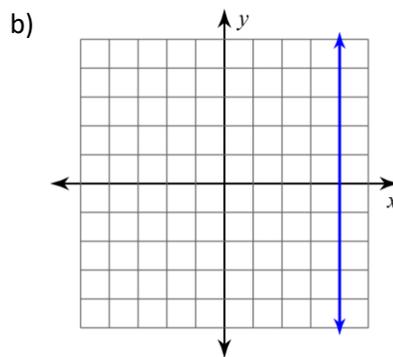
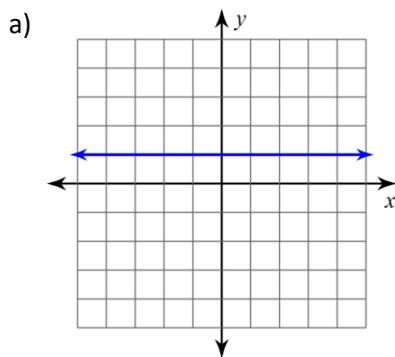
5. $(-3,3)$ and $(-2,5)$

6. $(-4,5)$ and $(5,2)$

7. Create the equation of a line which has the same slope as $4x - 5y = -5$ and has the same y-intercept as $3y + 5x - 9 = 0$.

8. Create the equation of a line which has the same slope as $8 - 3y = 7x$ and has the same y-intercept as $5x + 2y = 3$.

Horizontal and Vertical Lines: Given the graph, determine the equation of the line:



Success Criteria:

- I can write the equation of a line if I am given the slope and the y-intercept
- I can find the equation of a line if I am given two ordered pairs by first finding the slope, and then using one of those ordered pairs to find the y-intercept

- I can determine the equation of a vertical and horizontal line